2013 INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT



TODAY'S PRESENTATION

- HIGHLIGHTS AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW
- FINANCIAL REVIEW
- REGULATION AND OUTLOOK
- QUESTIONS

PETER CROOK

ANDREW FISHER

PETER CROOK

HIGHLIGHTS AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

PETER CROOK - CHIEF EXECUTIVE

HIGHLIGHTS

GROUP PERFORMANCE SUPPORTS FURTHER DIVIDEND INCREASE

- Profit before tax up 7.0% to £76.5m¹ and adjusted EPS up 7.9% to 43.5p¹
- Interim dividend per share up 7.6% to 31.0p supported by strong capital generation
- Strong growth and financial returns at Vanquis Bank
- Consumer Credit Division (CCD) experiencing weaker demand with cost savings secured to benefit second half
- Polish credit card pilot developing well and firm business plan to be established by year end
- Gearing stable at 3.1 times and group now fully funded into 2016

Stated before an exceptional restructuring cost of £4.5m in respect of CCD

MARKET CONDITIONS AND BUSINESS POSITIONING CCD

MARKET CONDITIONS

- Competitive landscape in home credit unchanged
- Household disposable incomes under persistent pressure from increases in dayto-day living costs
- Customer confidence at lowest level for many years
- Particularly weak demand from better quality customers eligible for higher value, longer duration loans

BUSINESS POSITIONING

- Tight credit standards have remained in place with weak demand main driver of arrears slippage
- Restructuring completed to downsize field management by 10% whilst not compromising on spans of control
- Gross cost savings of £10m secured for second half of 2013, rising to £18m in 2014
- Expenditure on important business development initiatives protected

MARKET CONDITIONS AND BUSINESS POSITIONING VANQUIS BANK

MARKET CONDITIONS

- Vanquis Bank is most active participant in underserved non-standard credit card market
- Little change in competitive activity from adjacent non-standard card products
- Strong flow of applications from both direct mail and internet channels
- UK employment market remains stable

BUSINESS POSITIONING

- No change to tight underwriting and credit line increase criteria, supporting stable, record low arrears
- Investment in customer acquisition programme maintained to deliver further strong growth
- Credit standards will remain unchanged to protect against any adverse change in UK employment market

FINANCIAL REVIEW

ANDREW FISHER – FINANCE DIRECTOR

PROFIT BEFORE TAX GROUP

Six months ended 30 June	2013	2012 (restated²)	Change
	£m	£m	%
CCD	36.1	49.3	(26.8)
Vanquis Bank:			
- UK	50.2	29.4	70.7
- Poland	(3.6)	(1.2)	(200.0)
Total Vanquis Bank	46.6	28.2	65.2
Central:			
- costs	(6.3)	(5.8)	(8.6)
- interest receivable/(payable)	0.1	(0.2)	150.0
Total central	(6.2)	(6.0)	(3.3)
Profit before tax and exceptional items ¹	76.5	71.5	7.0
Tax rate	23.25%	24.50%	
Adjusted earnings per share (pence)	43.5	40.3	7.9
Interim dividend per share (pence)	31.0	28.8	7.6

¹ 2013 first half profit before tax stated before an exceptional restructuring cost of £4.5m in respect of CCD

² 2012 first half profit before tax restated by £1.4m from £72.9m to £71.5m following the adoption of the revised IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' from 1 January 2013

INCOME STATEMENT CCD

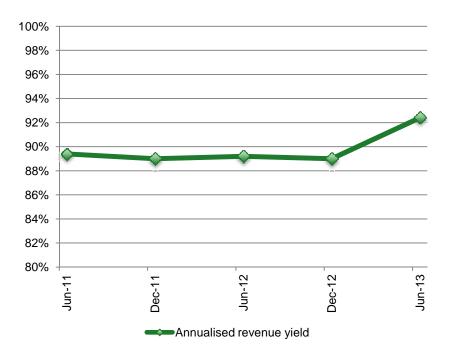
Six months ended 30 June	2013	2012	Change	
	£m	(restated³) £m	%	
Customer numbers ('000)	1,668	1,771	(5.8)	
Period-end receivables	739.6	787.8	(6.1)	
Average receivables	755.2	783.5	(3.6)	
Revenue	365.6	351.8	3.9	
Impairment	(167.0)	(135.4)	(23.3)	
Revenue less impairment	198.6	216.4	(8.2)	
Annualised revenue yield¹	92.4%	89.2%		
Annualised impairment % revenue ²	36.8%	32.8%		
Costs	(141.5)	(144.4)	2.0	
Interest	(21.0)	(22.7)	7.5	
Profit before tax	36.1	49.3	(26.8)	

¹ Revenue as a percentage of average receivables for the 12 months ended 30 June

² Impairment as a percentage of revenue for the 12 months ended 30 June

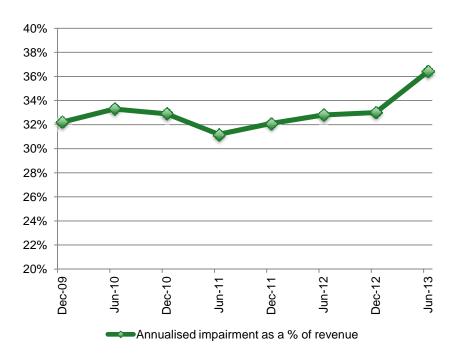
³ 2012 first half profit before tax restated by £1.1m from £50.4m to £49.3m following the adoption of the revised IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' from 1 January 2013

REVENUE YIELD CCD



- Receivables and product mix relatively stable through 2011 and 2012
- Strengthening of annualised revenue yield from 89.0% at December 2012 to 92.4% at June 2013
- Includes impact of reduction in demand for longer duration loans carrying lower yields

IMPAIRMENT % REVENUE



- Annualised ratio increased from 33.0% at December 2012 to 36.8% at June 2013
- Approximately 1.5% due to increase in revenue yield
- Most significant influence is deterioration in arrears linked directly to weaker demand:
 - Existing customers not taking further credit have less incentive to bring their account up to date
- Management's forecast for second half is for demand and rate of impairment to stabilise as business enters its peak trading period

IMPAIRMENT POLICY CCD

- Based on last 12 weeks payment performance
- Loans deemed impaired if more than 1 contractual weekly payment missed in previous 12 weeks
- 95%+ provision against loans for which no payment received in last 12 weeks
- Timely, realistic provisioning which has been applied consistently and reinforces the right behaviour amongst agents and employees

IFRS 7 DISCLOSURES CCD

At 30 June % receivables	2013 %	2012 %
In order	29.6	31.6
In arrears:		
- past due but not impaired	11.4	12.5
- impaired	59.0	55.9
Total	100.0	100.0

- Based on contractual arrears
- Past due but not impaired includes customers who have missed 1 payment in last 12 weeks
- IFRS 7 disclosures consistent with increase in impairment charge

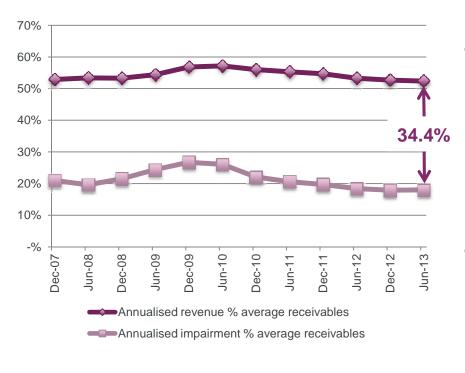
INCOME STATEMENT VANQUIS BANK - UK

Six months ended 30 June	2013 £m	2012 £m	Change %
Customer numbers ('000)	1,003	777	29.1
Period-end receivables	723.6	525.1	37.8
Average receivables	683.8	487.5	40.3
Revenue	178.0	127.7	39.4
Impairment	(64.6)	(45.6)	(41.7)
Revenue less impairment	113.4	82.1	38.1
Annualised risk-adjusted margin ¹	34.4%	34.9%	
Costs	(47.8)	(40.5)	(18.0)
Interest	(15.4)	(12.2)	(26.2)
Profit before tax	50.2	29.4	70.7

¹ Revenue less impairment as a percentage of average receivables for the 12 months ended 30 June

RISK-ADJUSTED MARGIN (RAM)

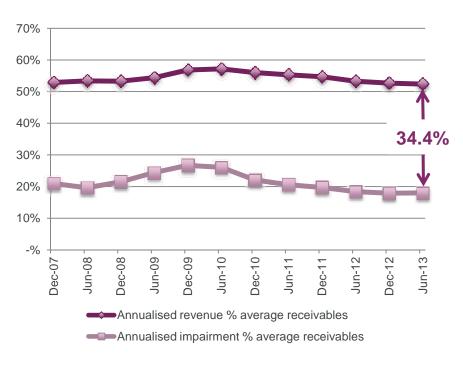
VANQUIS BANK - UK



- Business model supports stability of RAM:
 - Low and grow' strategy
 - High credit line utilisation minimises volatility of credit losses from undrawn exposures
 - Pricing for risk
- RAM has run ahead of 30% minimum target since 2010:
 - Consistently tight credit standards driving up quality of receivables book and reducing delinquency
 - Stable UK employment market

RISK-ADJUSTED MARGIN (RAM)

VANQUIS BANK - UK



- RAM moderated from 34.8% at December 2012 to 34.4% at June 2013:
 - Delinquency stable at record low since autumn 2010
- RAM expected to moderate to between 32% and 33% for 2013 as a whole:
 - Based on current delinquency trends
 - After allowing for changes to ROP product

IMPAIRMENT POLICY VANQUIS BANK - UK

- Loans deemed to be impaired as soon as 1 contractual monthly payment is missed
- Provision of over 80% made against accounts that are 90 days in arrears*
- Realistic accounting policy applied consistently which is prudent when benchmarked against other card issuers

^{*} Subject to estimated realisations from central/third party recovery processes

IFRS 7 DISCLOSURES VANQUIS BANK - UK

At 30 June % receivables	2013 %	2012 %
In order	90.8	88.6
In arrears:		
- past due but not impaired	-	-
- impaired	9.2	11.4
Total	100.0	100.0

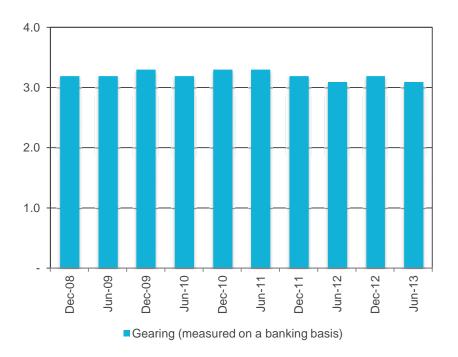
• Favourable change in profile reflects stable record low arrears since autumn 2012

STRONG BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 June	2013 £m	2012 £m
Receivables:		
- Home credit	739.6	787.8
- Real Personal Finance	-	1.7
- Vanquis Bank UK	723.6	525.1
- Vanquis Bank Poland	3.0	-
Total receivables	1,466.2	1,314.6
Pension asset	22.7	24.6
Liquid assets buffer	67.3	45.5
Debt funding	(743.1)	(767.3)
Retail deposits	(438.6)	(275.2)
Other	(7.0)	(10.0)
Net assets	367.5	332.2
Gearing* (times)	3.1	3.1

^{* (}Total borrowings – liquid assets buffer) / (Net assets – pension asset, net of deferred tax – fair value of derivatives)

MODEST GEARING LEVELS



- Gearing at June 2013 of 3.1 times versus banking covenant of 5.0 times
- Strong capital generation has funded dividends and growth and resulted in stable gearing

DIVERSIFIED FUNDING BASE

At 30 June	2013 £m	
Banks	383	
Bonds and private placements:		
Senior public bond	250	
M&G term loan	100	
Other sterling/euro medium term notes	41	
Retail bonds		
US private placements/residual subordinated loan notes		
Total bonds and private placements	695	
Vanquis Bank retail deposits	439	
Total committed facilities	1,517	
Headroom on committed borrowing facilities	346	
Additional retail deposits capacity*		
Funding capacity		

^{*} Based on the lower of: (i) 90% of Vanquis Bank's UK receivables of £723.6m at 30 June 2013 less retail deposits of £438.6m after setting aside necessary liquid assets buffer; and (ii) the Vanquis Bank intercompany loan from Provident Financial plc of £167.9m at 30 June 2013

RETAIL DEPOSITS PROGRAMME

	2013 £m	2012 £m
At 1 January	327.4	139.7
New funds	120.5	134.3
Maturities	(18.4)	-
Retentions	7.0	-
Interest	2.1	1.2
At 30 June	438.6	275.2

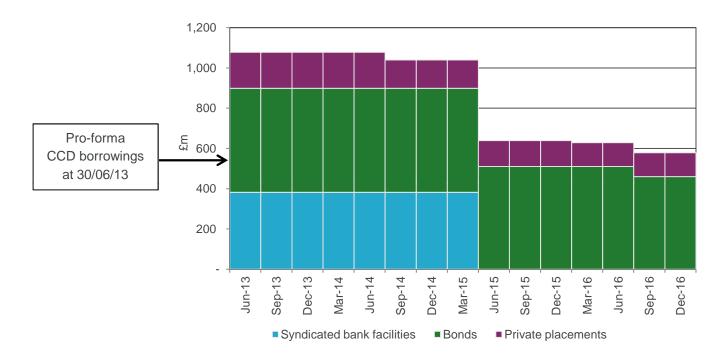
- Retail deposits represent 61% of Vanquis Bank's UK receivables, up from 52% at June 2012
- Flow of new funds moderated following £65m retail bond issue in March
- Not necessary for Vanquis Bank to move to full retail deposits funding until at least 2016

MATURITY PROFILE OF RETAIL DEPOSITS

		Maturing in					
Product	30 June 2013 £m	H2 2013 £m	2014 £m	2015 £m	2016 £m	2017 £m	2018 £m
1-year	28.3	19.1	9.2	-	-	-	-
2-year	143.6	76.6	32.5	34.5	-	-	-
3-year	149.3	-	18.7	66.3	64.3	-	-
5-year	117.4	-	-	-	14.5	82.9	20.0
Total	438.6	95.7	60.4	100.8	78.8	82.9	20.0

- Weighted average period to maturity on deposits of 2.1 years
- Interest rates of between 1.66% and 3.01% on new funds issued in 2013
- Blended deposits rate of 3.9%, after cost of holding liquid assets buffer

MATURITY PROFILE OF DEBT



- Maturities restricted to £38m of private placements up to the end of 2014
- Headroom on committed facilities together with Vanquis Bank retail deposits programme provides funding into 2016

ALIGNMENT OF DIVIDEND POLICY, GEARING AND GROWTH

High ROE businesses

Dividend policy Cover ≥ 1.25x Gearing
≤ 3.5x versus covenant
of 5.0x

Growth
Supports c.£160m
receivables growth p.a

STRONG CAPITAL GENERATION

12 months ended 30 June	2013 £m
CCD	91.1
Vanquis Bank	39.2
Central	(13.6)
Capital generated*	116.7
Dividends payable	(108.3)
Surplus capital retained	8.4
Gearing (times)	3.1

^{*} Capital generated is calculated as net cash generated from operating activities, after adding back 80% of the growth in customer receivables funded by borrowings, less net cash used in investing activities.

 Capital generation funds cost of dividend whilst maintaining stable gearing comfortably within appetite of 3.5x

REGULATION AND OUTLOOK

PETER CROOK – CHIEF EXECUTIVE

REGULATORY UPDATE

- Findings from University of Bristol's Personal Finance Research Centre study into a variable cap on total cost of credit published in March:
 - Consistent with numerous previous studies
 - Concluded that rate caps would reduce supply of and access to credit, result in less competition and transparency and promote development of illegal lending
 - Confirmed high customer satisfaction and good service levels in home credit
- Transfer of responsibility for consumer credit regulation from OFT to FCA will take place in April 2014:
 - Number of important issues to be resolved, including how CCA regime will be transformed to a rules-based environment
 - Further consultation on detailed conduct rules will be held in autumn 2013

CCD BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

- Expenditure on business development programme has been fully protected:
 - Broadening customer and product proposition remains important to medium-term growth prospects
- Trials commenced on two new products to complement existing home credit offering:
 - Prepaid reloadable MasterCard '24/7' card
 - Online product 'Provident Online'
- Investment in IT remains central to many initiatives:
 - Online customer portal
 - Development of a smart phone collections app
- Programme to consolidate smaller, less profitable agencies has now been completed

VANQUIS BANK POLAND

- Objective of pilot is to develop a customer proposition and business model capable of growing a sizeable business delivering group's target returns
- Pilot needs to demonstrate that key elements of UK business model can be adapted to address Polish target audience:
 - 1. Sufficient demand for product and it can be distributed at an acceptable cost
 - 2. Business can generate an adequate revenue yield
 - 3. Credit losses can be effectively managed both in underwriting new customers and granting credit through CLI programme
- Pilot has demonstrated that demand is strong and customers can be reached through internet and broker channels at an acceptable cost
- Remaining focus is on refining credit tools:
 - First generation internal scorecards address around one third of target audience
 - Further development through second half to address wider target audience
- Progress to date provides foundation for developing a Polish credit card business
- Full business case based on a firm assessment of addressable audience to be developed in second half

OUTLOOK

- Group's funding and liquidity position is strong, allowing it to meet contractual debt maturities and accommodate in full its growth plans into 2016
- Vanquis Bank is continuing to deliver strong growth and financial returns
- CCD is experiencing weaker demand from its home credit customer base and action has been taken to reduce its cost base that will benefit second half of 2013 and full year in 2014
- Pilot credit card operation in Poland is developing well and a firm business plan will be established in second half of year
- Group overall has performed in line with its internal plan in first half of 2013 and expects to do so for year as a whole

QUESTIONS?

CONTACT DETAILS

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